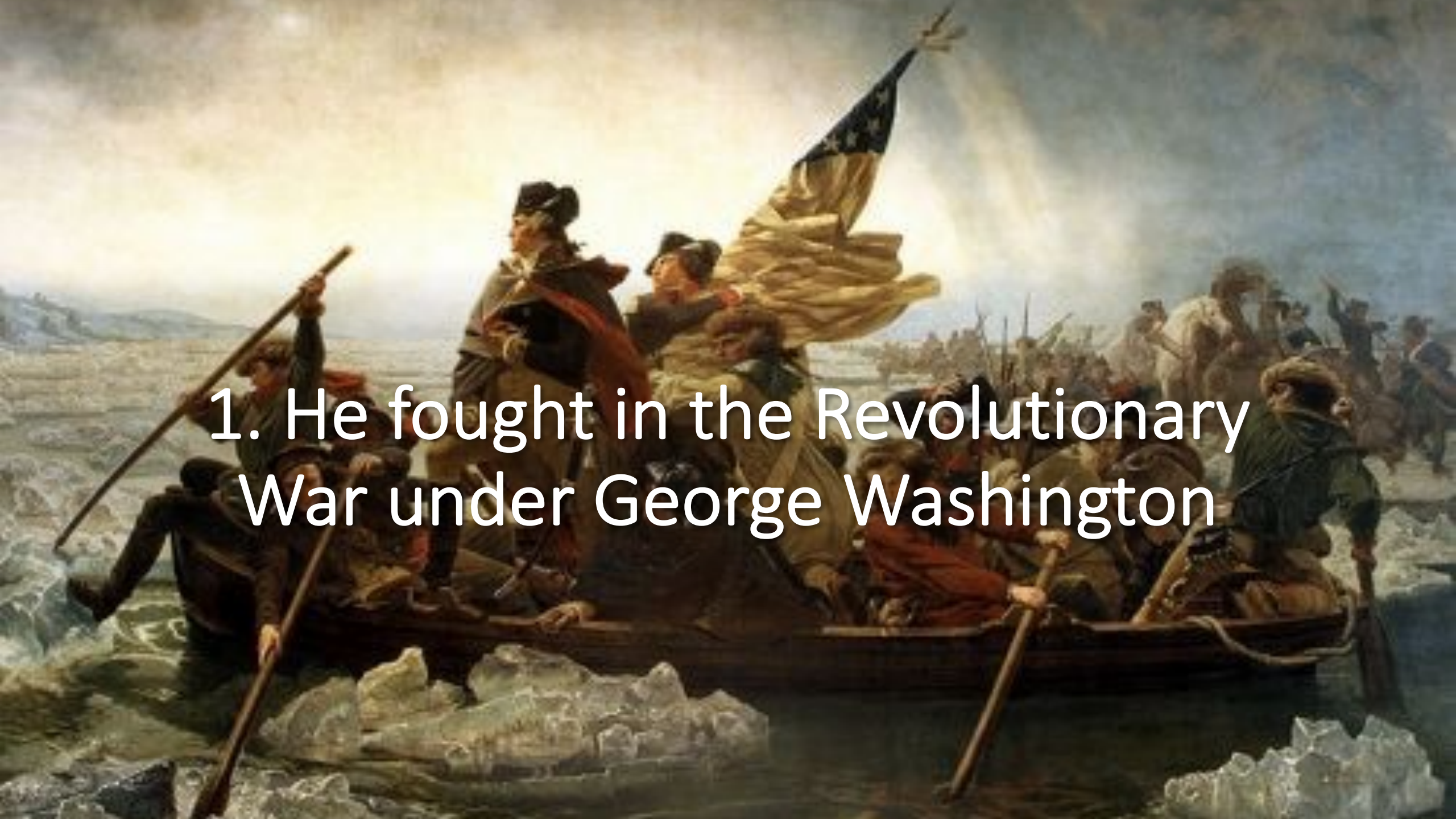




JAMES MONROE





1. He fought in the Revolutionary War under George Washington



2. He negotiated the Louisiana Purchase for Thomas Jefferson



3. Monrovia, the capital of Liberia, is named after him.

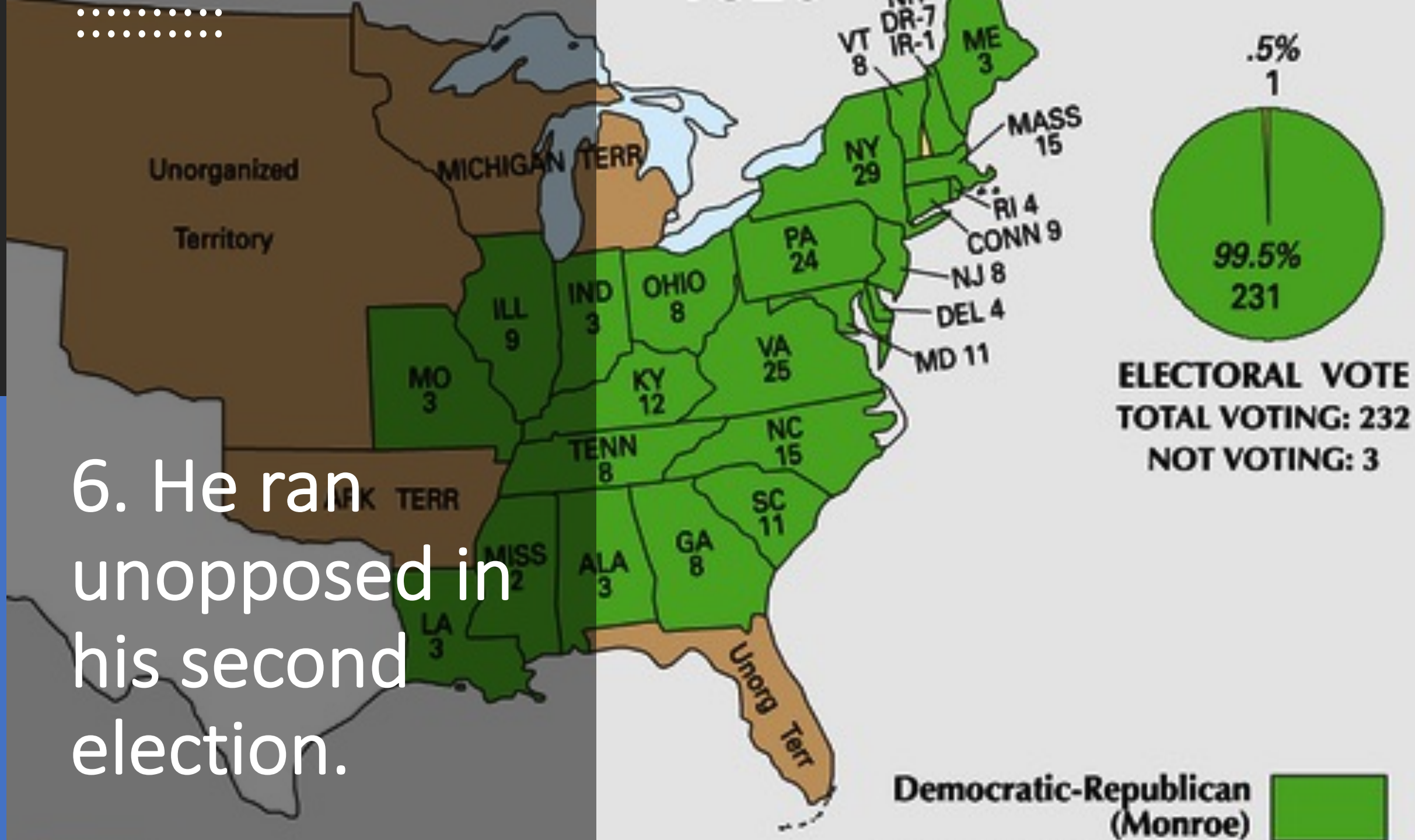


4. His presidency was called, “The Era of Good Feelings”



5. He bought
Florida from Spain.

6. He ran
unopposed in
his second
election.




7. He added
5 states to
the Union.

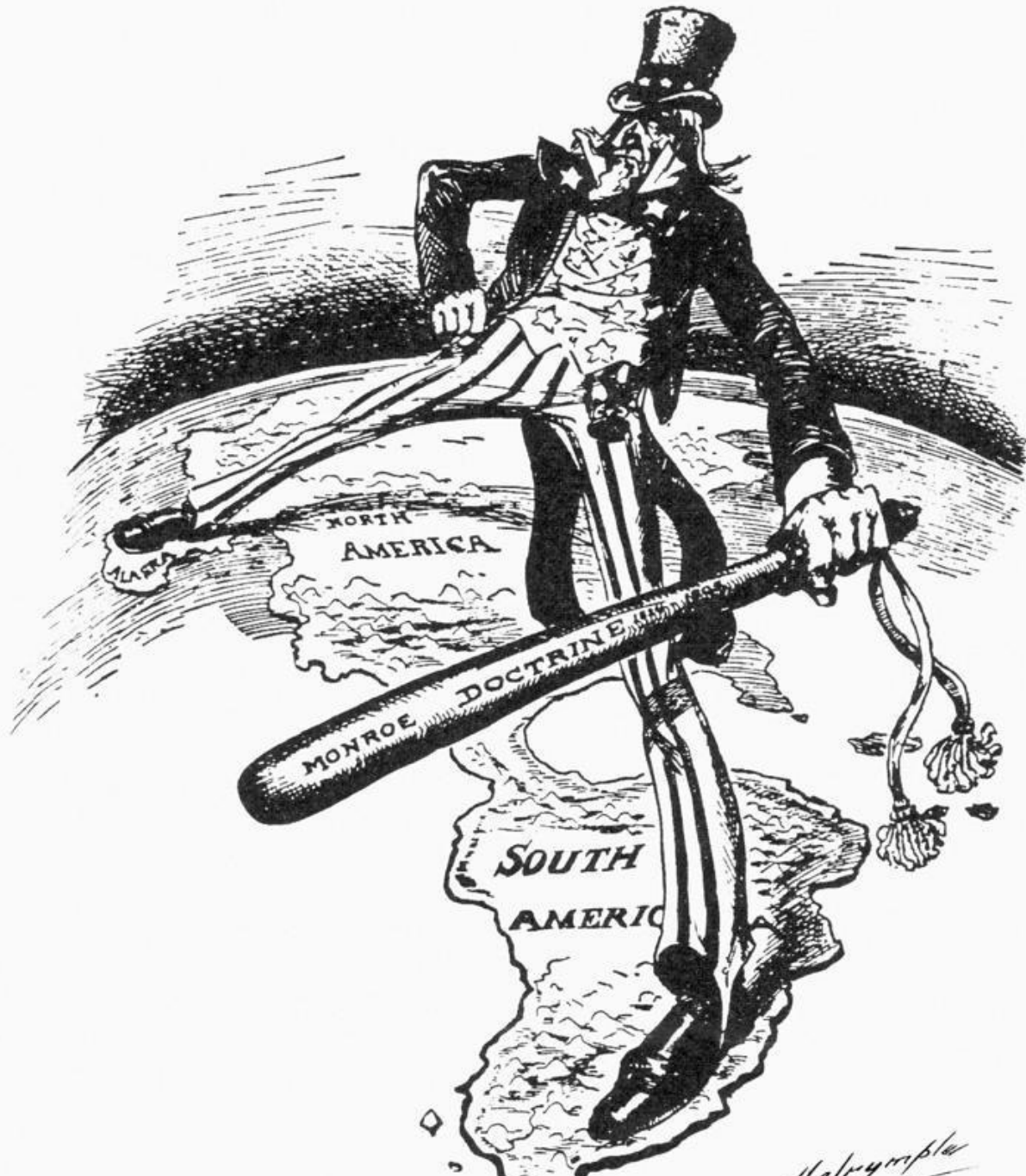




8. He negotiated and signed the treaty that set the boundary line between the US and Canada.



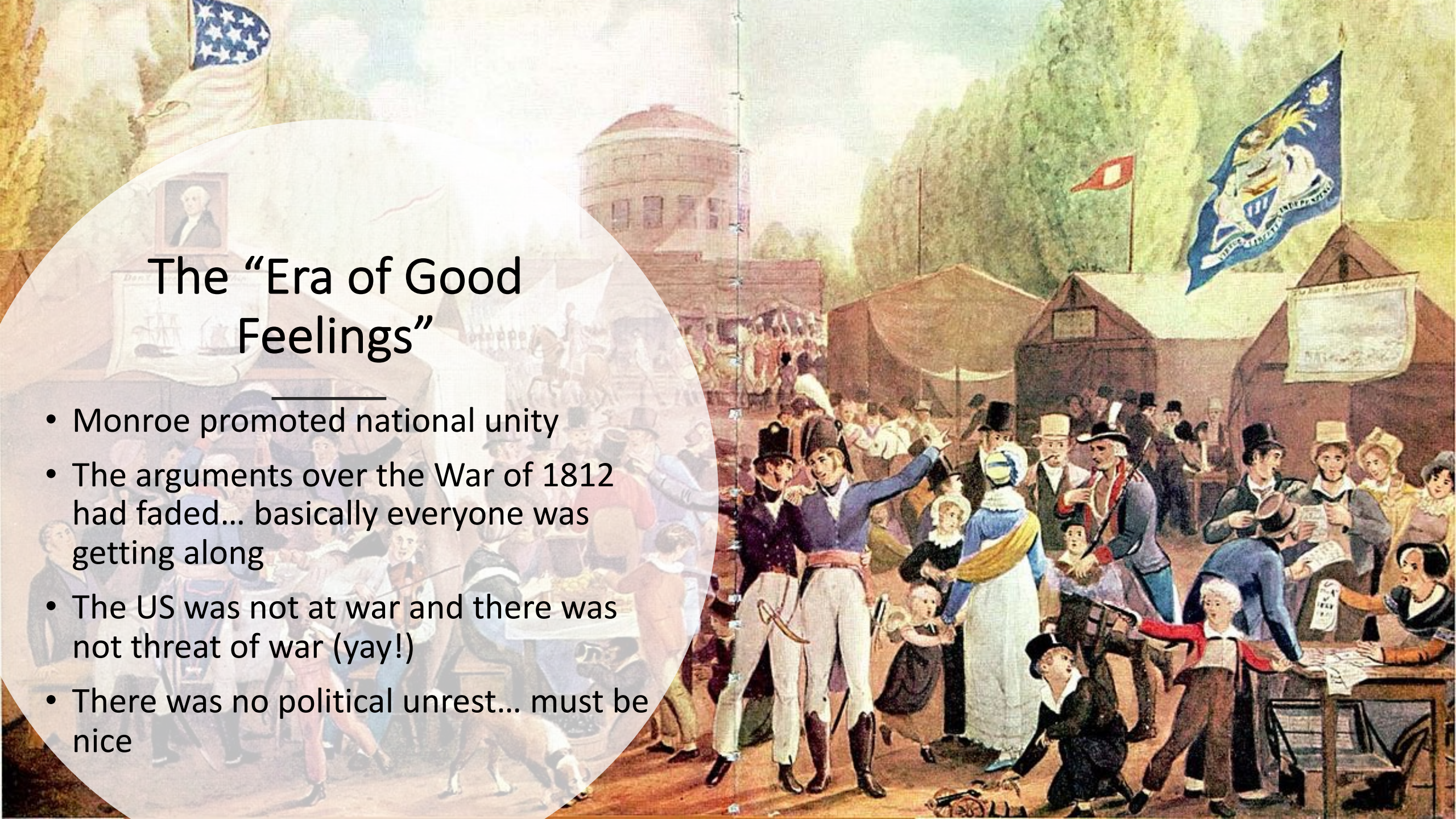
9. He signed the Missouri
Compromise.



10. He initiated and signed the Monroe Doctrine.

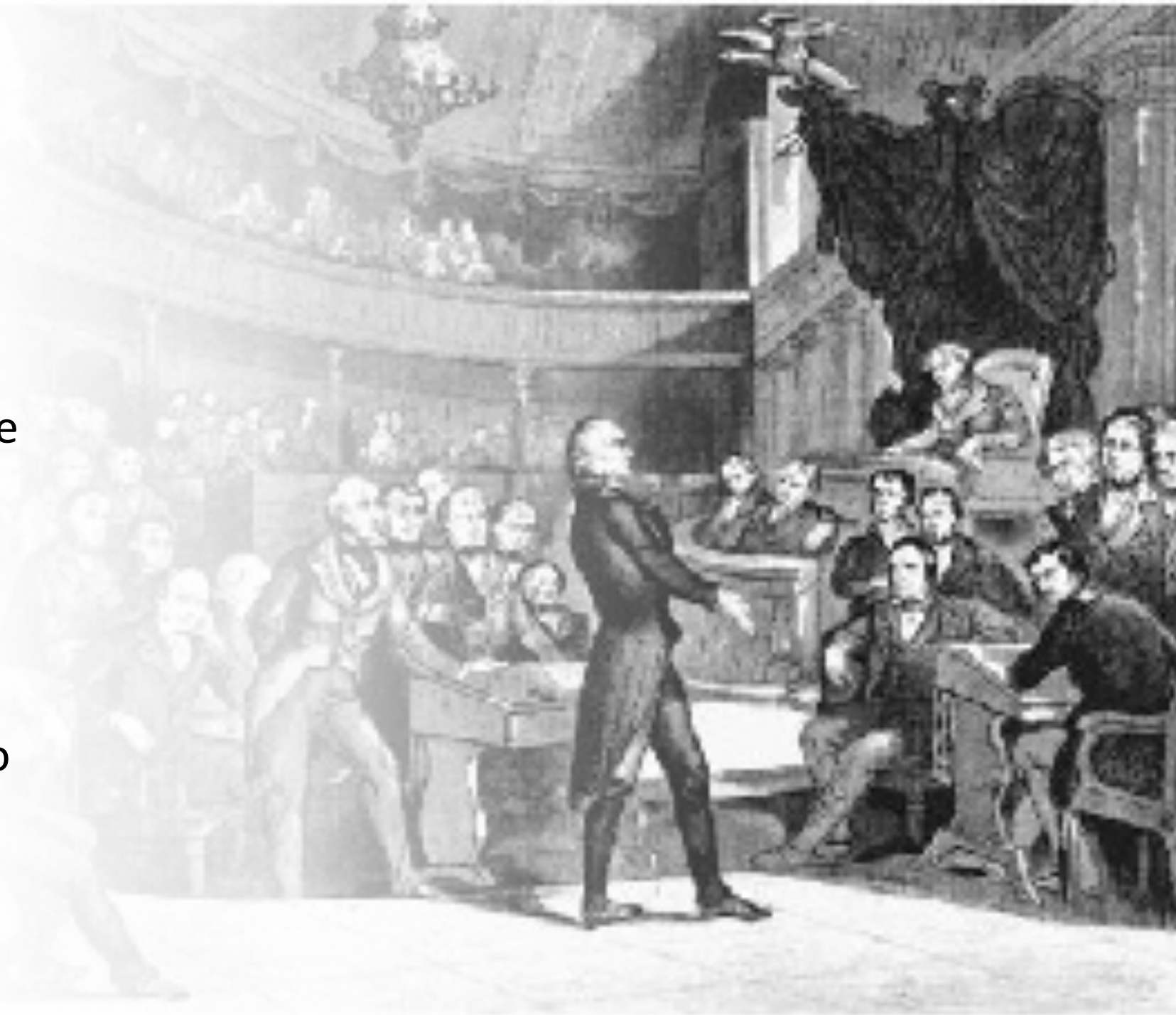
The “Era of Good Feelings”

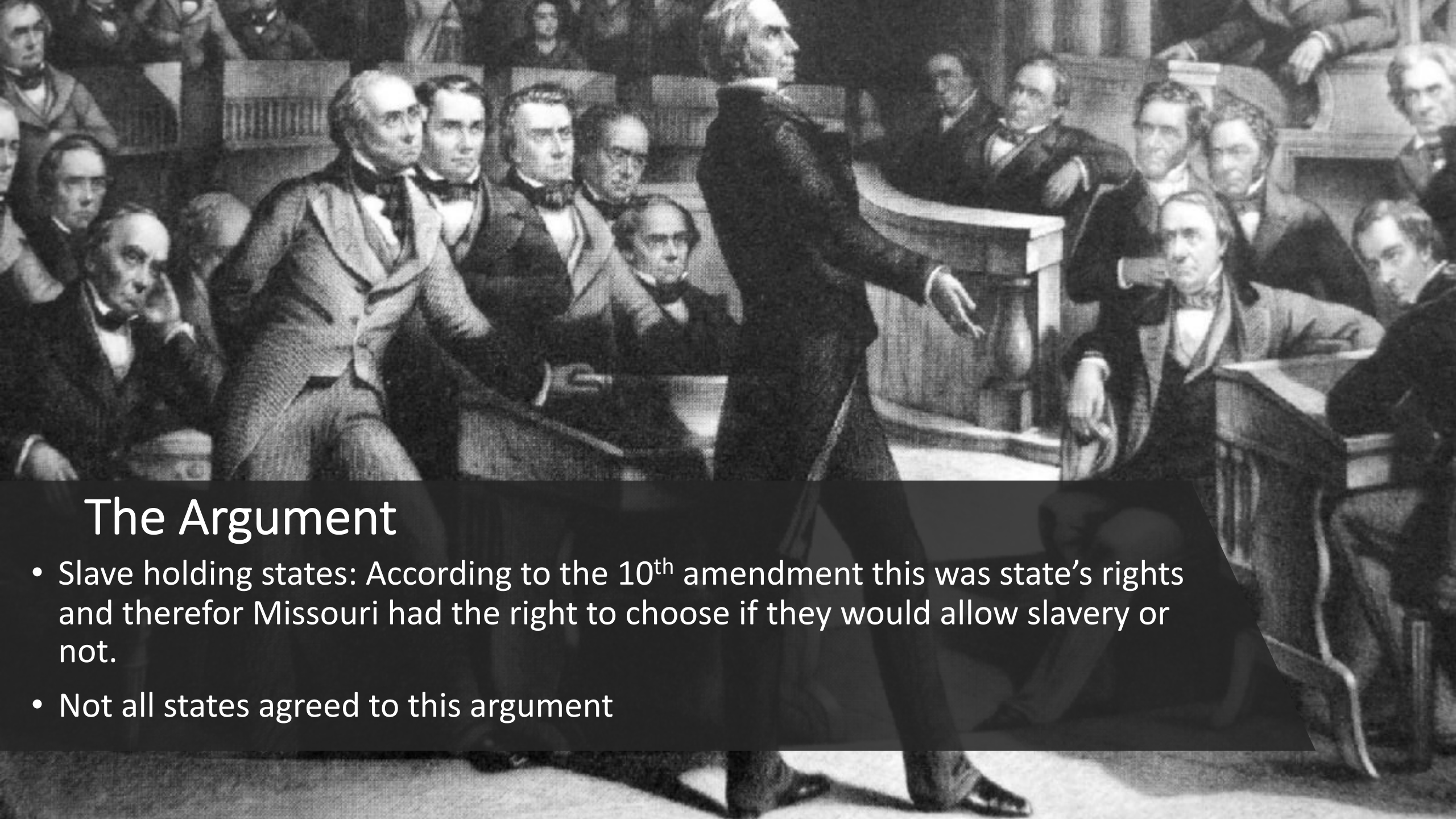
- Monroe promoted national unity
- The arguments over the War of 1812 had faded... basically everyone was getting along
- The US was not at war and there was not threat of war (yay!)
- There was no political unrest... must be nice



Missouri as a State

- Missouri wanted to become a state in 1819 (it was a territory)
- Adding Missouri would remove the balance of free states and slave owning states in the Union
- Adding Missouri would also expand slavery westward-something politicians wanted to avoid





The Argument

- Slave holding states: According to the 10th amendment this was state's rights and therefor Missouri had the right to choose if they would allow slavery or not.
- Not all states agreed to this argument

The Missouri Compromise



1. Missouri would be added as a SLAVE state
2. Maine (formerly part of Massachusetts) would be added as a FREE state- this made an equal number of free and slave states in the Union
3. Except for Missouri, slavery would be prohibited in every new state added North of the 36°30' latitude line
4. The Compromise was not widely accepted but it prevented civil war in the United States for 40 years

Recap and Review

- The Missouri Compromise suggested that southerners wanted slavery to expand and slave holding states did not intend to end slavery
- The goal of the MO Compromise was to prevent Southern secession
- Why keep slave holding and free states equal? 3/5's Compromise
- 3/5's Compromise: 3/5's of slaves would count towards population which effects voting
- The side with the highest number of votes would get their legislation (abolish slavery or expand slavery)

SCENE IN UNCLE SAM'S SENATE.

17 APRIL 1850.



KEEP OFF!

The Monroe doctrine must be respected.